



SPECIFICATION

Item No.:

T60404-P4640-X150

K-No.: 26316	1000 A Current Sensor for ±24V- Supply Voltage for electric current measurement: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic isolation between primary circuit (high power) and secondary circuit (electronic circuit)	Date: 10.04.2014
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Electrical Data – Ratings

I_{PN}	Primary nominal r.m.s. current	1000	A
R_M *	Measuring resistance	0 ... 100	Ω
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	200	mA
K_N	Turns ratio	(1): 5000	

* for $I_{P,max}$ see fig. 1 on page 2

Accuracy – Dynamic performance data

		min.	typ.	max.	Einheit
$I_{P,max}$ *	Max. measuring range @ $R_M = 10 \Omega$; $T_A = 25^\circ C$	2500			A
	@ $R_M = 10 \Omega$; $T_A = 85^\circ C$	2150			A
X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ C$		0.4		%
ϵ_L	Linearity		0.1		%
I_0	Offset current @ $I_P=0$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$		0.1		mA
I_{OH}	Hysteresis current		0.1		mA
t_r	Response time @ 80% of I_{PN}	< 1			μs
$\Delta t (I_{P,max})$	Delay time at $dI/dt = 1200 A/\mu s$		1		μs
f	Frequency bandwidth	DC...100			kHz

*currents with high slew rates can be measured above $I_{P,max}$

General data

		min.	typ.	max.	Einheit
T_A	Ambient operating temperature	-40		+85	$^\circ C$
T_s	Ambient storage temperature	-40		+85	$^\circ C$
m	Mass		550		g
V_c	Supply voltage	± 21.60	± 24	± 25.2	V
I_{CO}	Current consumption for $I_P = 0A$		27		mA
I_{CN}	Current consumption for $I_{PN} = 1000A$		190		mA
* S_{clear}	Clearance	20			mm
* S_{creep}	Creepage	20			mm

* Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 (Pin 1 - 3 to primary opening)
Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2

* V_{sys}	System voltage	overvoltage category 3	RMS	1000	V
* V_{work}	Working voltage	(table 7 acc. to EN61800-5-1)	RMS	1500	V

* U_{PD}	Rated discharge voltage	peak value	1500	V
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Max. potential difference acc. to UL 508 RMS 1000 V_{AC}

Datum	Name	Index	Änderung
10.04.14	KRe.	83	Completion of data sheet: X, V _c , „max. Potential...“ (page1), Values for supply voltage (page2), maximum continuous currents at defined Temperatures (page2), UL-sign (page4). Applicable documents added, Vd 6kV (page5) CN-986
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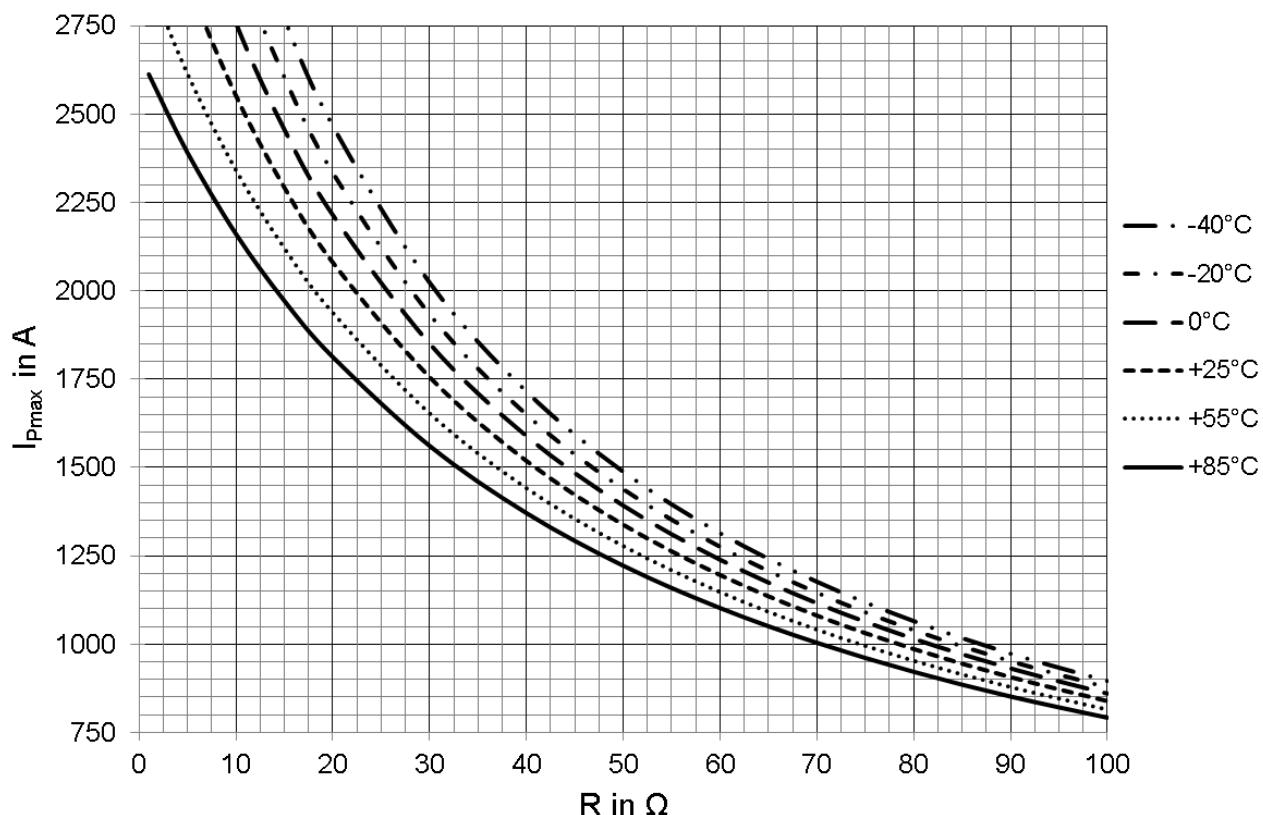
Maximal peak currents at defined temperatures Values for supply voltage ±22.80 V (±24 V -5 %)

T _A	55 °C	55 °C	55 °C	55 °C
R _M	1 Ω	5 Ω	20 Ω	50 Ω
I _{P,max}	2880A	2610A	1930A	1270A

T _A	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C	85 °C
R _M	1 Ω	5 Ω	20 Ω	50 Ω
I _{P,max}	2610A	2390A	1810A	1220A

Maximum continuous currents at defined temperatures

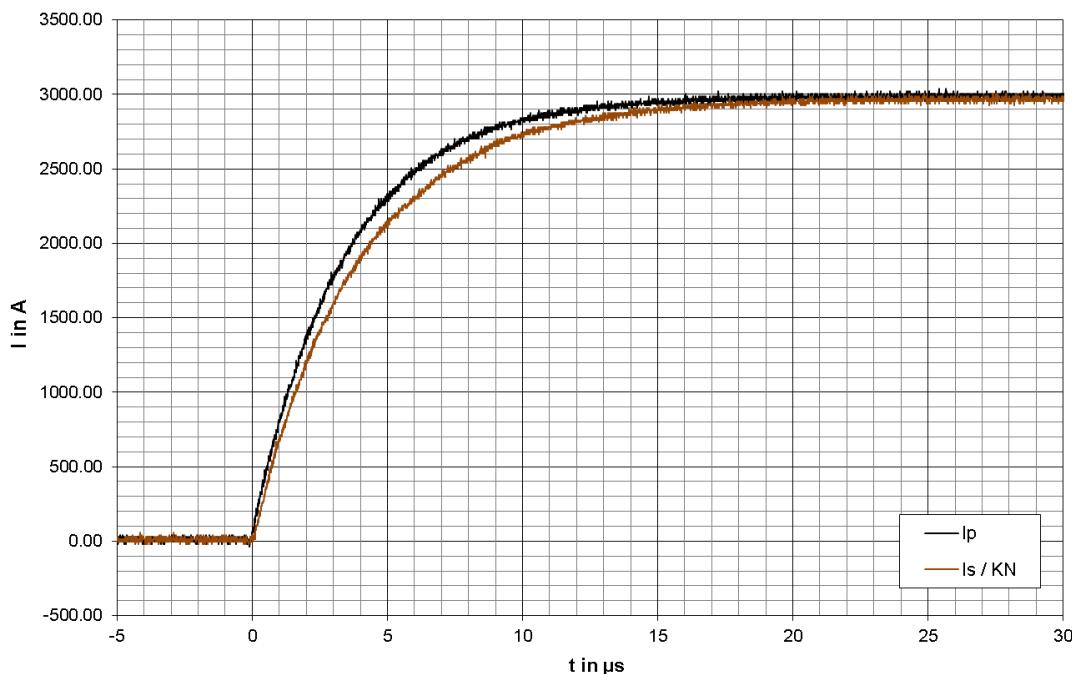
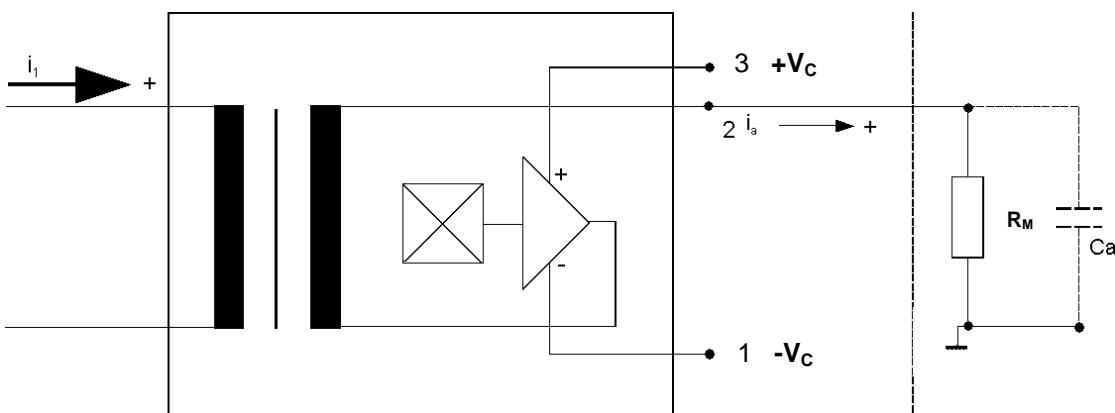
T _A	≤ 70 °C	70 °C < T _A ≤ 85 °C
I _P = I _{P,max} up to	1800 A _{rms}	1200 A _{rms}

Limit curve of measurable current $\hat{I}_P=f(R_M)$ Values for supply voltage ±22.80 V (±24 V -5 %)
Fig. 1: $I_{P,\text{max}} = f(R_M)$ @T_AHrsg.: KB-E
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Overload puls (μs -range)

Fig. 2: Output current reaction of a 3kA current pulse with $R_M = 10\Omega$
Schematic diagram:


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Maßbild (mm):
Mechanical outline

Freimaßtoleranz DIN ISO 2768-c

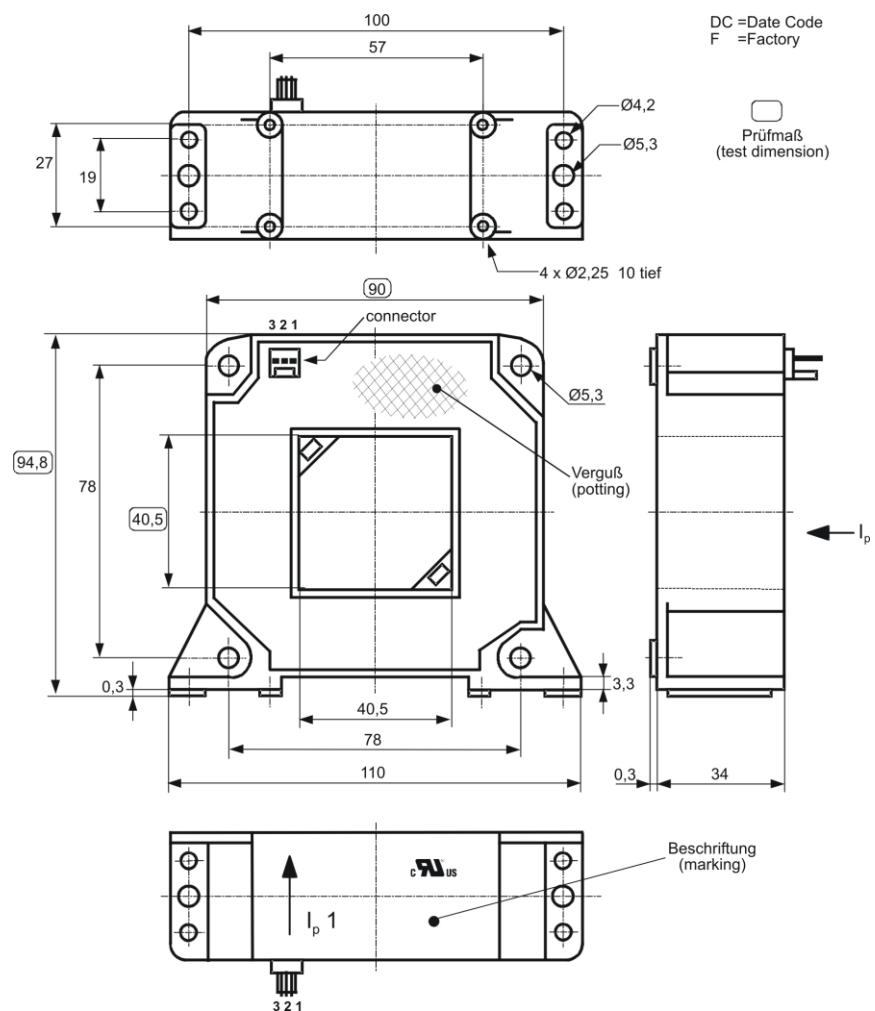
General tolerance

Anschlüsse:
Connections:

Connector:
Molex 7395 (3 Pin)

Pin 1: -V_C

Pin 2: I_{out}

Pin 3: +V_C

¹ I_p: positive current direction

Offset ripple reduction

The offset ripple can be reduced by an external low pass. Simplest solution is a passive low pass filter of 1st order with

$$f_g = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot R_M \cdot C_a}$$

In this case the response time is enlarged.

It is calculated from:

$$t'_r \leq t_r + 2,5 R_M C_a$$

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Inspection¹⁾ (Measurement after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature; SC = significant characteristic)

$K_N(N_1/N_2)$	(V)	M3011/6	Transformation ratio ($I_P=3 \cdot 1000A$, 40-80 Hz)	1 : 5000 ± 0.4 %
I_0	(V)	M3226	Offset current	< 0.1 mA
$V_{P,eff}$	(V)	M3014	Test voltage, rms, 1s Pin 1 - 3 to Primary	2.2 kV (SC)
V_e	(AQL 1/S4)		Partial discharge voltage acc. M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)	1500 V 1875 V

Type Testing (Pin 1 - 3 to primary)

Designed according standard EN 61800 with insulation material group 1

V_W	HV transient test according (to M3064) (1,2 µs / 50 µs-wave form)	12	kV
V_d	Testing voltage acc. M3014 (RMS)	(5 s)	6 kV
V_e	Partial discharge voltage acc. M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)	1500 V 1875 V	V

Applicable documents

Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800.

Further standards: UL 508 ; file E317483, category NMTR2 / NMTR8

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Explanation of several of the terms used in the tablets (in alphabetical order)

I_{OH} : Zero variation after overloading with a DC of tenfold the rated value ($R_M = R_{MN}$)

I_{ot} : Long term drift of I_o after 100 temperature cycles in the range -40 bis 85 °C.

t_r : Response time, measured as delay time at $I_P = 0,8 \cdot I_{Pmax}$ between a rectangular current and the output current.

$\Delta t (I_{Pmax})$: Delay time between I_{Pmax} and the output current i_a with a primary current rise of $di_1/dt = 1200 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$.

U_{PD} Rated discharge voltage (recurring peak voltage separated by the insulation) proved with a sinusoidal voltage V_e
 $U_{PD} = \sqrt{2} * V_e / 1,5$

V_{vor} Defined voltage is the RMS value of a sinusoidal voltage with peak value of $1,875 * U_{PD}$ required for partial discharge test in IEC 61800-5-1

$$V_{vor} = 1,875 * U_{PD} / \sqrt{2}$$

V_{sys} System voltage RMS value of rated voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1

V_{work} Working voltage voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1 which occurs by design in a circuit or across insulation

$X_{ges}(I_{PN})$: The sum of all possible errors over the temperature range by measuring a current I_{PN} :

$$X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_S(I_{PN})}{K_N \cdot I_{PN}} - 1 \right|$$

X : Permissible measurement error in the final inspection at RT, defined by

$$X = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_{SB}}{I_{SN}} - 1 \right|$$

where I_{SB} is the output DC value of an input DC current of the same magnitude as the (positive) rated current ($I_o = 0$)

X_{Ti} : Temperature drift of the rated value orientated output term. I_{SN} (cf. Notes on F_i) in a specified temperature range, obtained by:

$$X_{Ti} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_{SB}(T_{A2}) - I_{SB}(T_{A1})}{I_{SN}} \right|$$

ε_L : Linearity fault defined by $\varepsilon_L = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_P}{I_{PN}} - \frac{I_{Sx}}{I_{SN}} \right|$

Where I_P is any input DC and I_{Sx} the corresponding output term. I_{SN} : see notes of F_i ($I_o = 0$).

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